ESTILL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Prepared by:

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-3
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4-10
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	11 12
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	13
Funds to the Statement of Net Position	14
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the	20
Statement of Activities	16
Statement of Fund Net Position – Proprietary Fund	17
Proprietary Fund	18
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	19
Notes to the Financial Statements	20-59
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	60
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual - General Fund	60
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	61
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Special Revenue Fund	01
and TRS	62
Schedule of Contributions CERS and TRS	63
Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pensions.	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability –	01 02
Health and Life Insurance Plans – Teachers' Retirement System	66
Schedule of Contributions - Health and Life Insurance Plans – Teachers'	
Retirement System	67
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - Health	
Insurance Plan – County Employee Retirement System	68

Schedule of Districts Contributions - Health Insurance Plan – County Employee	
Retirement System	69
Notes to Required Supplementary Information - OPEB	70-71
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Combining Statements – Nonmajor Funds and Other:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	72
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	73
Combining Balance Sheet – School Activity Funds	74
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	
School Activity Funds	75
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Estill County High School.	76
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	77
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	78
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING	
STANDARDS INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR	79-80
FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER	
COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE	81-83
COM EMPORTED DI THE COM ORDI GUERRICE	01 03
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	84
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS.	85

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the Estill County School District Irvine, KY

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Estill County School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liability and Schedule of Contributions for CERS and TRS and Medical and Life and Health Insurance Plans comparison information on pages as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate

operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Shad J. Allen, CFA, FLLC

Richmond, KY November 15, 2024

As management of the Estill County School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning balance for the General Fund was \$2.48 million, and we ended the year at just under \$1 million, at \$944,813.
- The district constructs and renovates facilities with a long-range facilities plan that is established with community input and in keeping with Kentucky Department of Education (KDE) stringent compliance regulations.
- The District continues to face the funding implications, as a result of state funding not keeping pace with inflation.
- The General Fund had \$21.14 million in revenue, including on behalf payments made by the state, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK), property, utility, and motor vehicle taxes. There were \$22.6 million in General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to private sector businesses.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found in the table of contents of this report.

Fund financial statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary fund is food service operations. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found in the table of contents of this report.

Notes to the financial statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a fullunderstanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on the table of contents in this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Estill County Schools, assets exceeded liabilities by \$29 million for Governmental Activities. Liabilities exceeded assets \$0.33 million for Business Type Activities as of June 30, 2024. The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

The 2023 government-wide net position compared to 2024 is as follows:

Table 1
Net Position (in Millions)

	Governm	ental	s-type	To	Total Percentag e		
	Activi	ties	Activ	ities	School District		Change
_	2023 2024		2023	2024	2023	2024	2023-2024
Assets: Current and Other	11.46	10.72	0.06	0.07	11.52	10.79	-6%
Assets			0.06				
Capital Assets	78.92	80.51		(0.00)	78.92	80.51	2%
Total Assets	90.38	91.23	0.06	0.07	90.44	91.30	1%
Deferred Outflows	6.14	4.90	0.13	0.12	6.27	5.02	-20%
	6.14	4.90	0.13	0.12	6.27	5.02	
Liabilities:							
Current Liabilities	3.78	4.93	0.00	0.02	3.78	4.94	31%
Noncurrent Liabilities	61.56	54.73	0.47	0.34	62.02	55.07	-11%
Total Liabilities	65.33	59.66	0.47	0.35	65.80	60.02	-9%
Deferred Inflows	5.03	7.44	0.12	0.23	5.15	7.67	49%
_	5.03	7.44	0.12	0.23	5.15	7.67	
Invested in Capital Assets							
Net of Debt	33.81	36.94		(0.00)	33.81	36.94	9%
Restricted Unrestricted Net	7.07	5.78			7.07	5.78	-18%
Position	(14.72)	(13.69)	(0.40)	(0.39)	(15.12)	(14.08)	-7%
Total Net Position	26.16	29.03	(0.40)	(0.39)	25.76	28.64	11%

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Ending net position was \$28.64 million for the District. This was an increase of \$2.88 million from last year.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position
(in millions)

											Total
									Γota	al	Percentage
						Business-	Туре				
	Gove	ernment	al A	ctivities		Activiti	es	Scho	ol D	Change	
	<u>2</u>	023	2	024		2023	<u>2024</u>	2023		<u>2024</u>	2023-2024
Revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0.15	\$ 0.1!	\$ \$ 0.1	5 \$	0.15	-3%
Operating grants and contributions		9.29		4.66		2.01	2.00	5 11.3	0	6.72	-41%
Capital grants and contributions		1.93		0.20				1.9	3	0.20	-89%
General revenues		28.19		25.12		(0.08)	0.0	28.1	1	25.12	-11%
Total revenue		39.41		29.98		2.08	2.2	41.4	.9	32.19	-22%
Expenses:											
Instruction	\$	18.24	\$	13.26				\$ 18.2	4 9	\$ 13.26	-27%
Student		2.34		2.17				2.3	4	2.17	-7%
Instructional staff		0.98		1.27				0.9	8	1.27	29%
District administration		1.53		1.01				1.5	3	1.01	-34%
School administration		1.31		1.49				1.3	1	1.49	13%
Business		1.12		0.94				1.1	2	0.94	-17%
Plant operation & maintenance		2.88		2.54				2.8	8	2.54	-12%
Student transportation		2.35		1.67				2.3	5	1.67	-29%
Food Service Operations		0.04		0.02		2.15	2.20	2.1	8	2.22	2%
Community services operations		0.35		0.32				0.3	5	0.32	-10%
Facilities				0.01					-	0.01	
Depreciation/Amortization		0.82		0.69			0.0	0.8	2	0.69	
Interest on long-term debt		1.29		1.40				1.2	9	1.40	8%
Total Evanges	ç	22.20	Ļ	26.76	Ļ	2.15	÷ 2.24) ¢ 2E /	1 4	÷ 20.00	100/
Total Expenses	\$	33.26	\$	26.76	\	2.15	Ç 2.20) \$35.4	1 ;	\$ 28.96	-18%
Change in net position	\$	6.15	\$	3.22	\$	(0.06)	\$ 0.00	\$ 6.0	8 \$	3.23	47%

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of fiscal year 2024, the District had \$80.51 million invested in capital assets, including land, buildings, buses, computers and other equipment. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, deductions construction in progress) of \$2.85 million.

Capital Assets (net) at Year-End FY2024

	Governmenta	l Activities		usiness Type Activities	Totals			
	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024		
Land	770,458	770,458			770,458	770,458		
Land Improvements	1,170,421	63,865			1,170,421	63,865		
Buildings & Improvements	51,175,743	38,283,217			51,175,743	38,283,217		
Technology Equipment	558,421	57,700			558,421	57,700		
Vehicles	3,016,298	651,581			3,016,298	651,581		
General Equipment	557,242	(7,123)		(2,746)	557,242	(9,869)		
Construction In Progress	26,111,021	40,691,561			26,111,021	40,691,561		

DEBT

The following describes our outstanding obligation for the fiscal year 2024.

Outstanding Debt at Year-End (in Millions)

		Governmental Activities								
	_	2023	2024	2024						
General Obligation Bonds	\$_	45.12	-		43.57					
Total Obligations	\$_	45.12	\$_	43.57						

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its General Fund reflected an unassigned fund balance of \$944,813 million. Local property tax revenue, including delinquent tax, was down a little over \$100,000 for fiscal year 2024. General real property tax revenue was down \$130,000 from 2023 to 2024. However, delinquent property tax revenue in 2024 outpaced 2023 by almost \$18,000.

The following table presents a summary of revenue and expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 for selected

REVENUE		
	Governmental	Proprietary
Local Revenue Sources	2,221,867	152,056
State Revenue Sources	20,946,446	141,472
Federal Revenue Sources	6,811,525	1,914,215
Other	3,207	
Transfers	3,086,199	
TOTALS	33,069,244	2,207,743
EXPENDITURES	Governmental	Proprietary
Instruction	14,362,293	
Student Support Services	2,400,467	
Instructional Staff Support Services	1,425,005	
District Admin Support	1,114,626	
School Admin Support	1,580,036	
Business Support Services	976,383	
Plant Operation & Management	2,562,111	
Student Transportation	2,266,027	
Other Instructional	350	
Food Service Operations	15,919	2,201,574
Community Services	316,676	
Building Acqu & Construction	1,637,357	
Debt Service	3,017,946	
Site Improvement	7,500	
Building Renovations		_
Other Items		
Transfers	3,086,199	
TOTALS	20,406,603	2,201,574
Excess / (Deficit)	9 12,662,641	6,169

^{*}Note: This chart does not include beginning balances.

COMMENTS ON BUDGET COMPARISONS

- Actual General Fund revenue and expense varied from line item to line item, with actual revenue exceeding the budget by \$336,431. This does include the on-behalf payments made by the state for insurances, teachers' retirement, etc. for the benefit of the district and its employees.
- Actual General Fund expenditures exceeded the budget by \$276,429.

FUTURE BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

In Kentucky, the public schools' fiscal year is July I - June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District's overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget for 2023- 2024 with a 5% contingency as calculated by the Kentucky Department of Education.

Issues which will impact future budgets include:

- •Increased staffing expenses to meet federal and state academic mandates.
- •Our student enrollment is continuing to climb slowly, up 32 students from the previous year. Focusing more on attendance has also resulted in better ADA rates, from 90.1% in FY22 to 91.5% in FY23.
- With ESSER funding ending in fiscal year 2024, the district has had reassess several staffing positions that have been funded with ESSER funds in the past.
- •Our major funding source, per pupil state SEEK funding, is not fully funding the gap in education funding between districts, even with the additional revenue received in SEEK transportation.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Contact Angela Howell, Finance Director, at 606-723-2181 or by mail at Estill County Board of Education, P.O. Box 930, Irvine, KY 40336.

	=	Prin	nary Government	
	<u>-</u>	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,990,448 \$	50,145 \$	7,040,593
Receivables (net)	•	2,222,112 7	,	.,,
Taxes		119,365		119,365
Accounts		60,154	_	60.154
Intergovernmental		3,550,213		3,550,213
Inventories		0,000,210	13,072	13,072
OPEB asset			7,452	7,452
Capital assets:			7,402	7,402
Land,and construction in progress		39,049,240		39,049,240
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		41,462,110	(2,746)	41,459,364
·	-	80,511,350	(2,746)	80,508,604
Total capital assets	-			, ,
Total assets	-	91,231,530	60,471	91,292,001
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pensions		1,717,445	85,146	1,802,591
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		3,168,560	37,520	3,206,080
Deferred savings from refunding bonds		16,496		16,496
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	4,902,501	122,666	5,025,167
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	=	96,134,030	183,137	96,317,167
LIABILITIES				
Accrued interest payable		354,301		354,301
Payroll liabilities		133,067	45.004	133,067
Accounts payable		269,999	15,904	285,904
Unearned revenue		2,805,772		2,805,772
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within 1 year:				
Bond obligations	_	1,365,000		1,365,000
Total due within 1 year	_	1,365,000	<u> </u>	1,365,000
Due in more than 1 year:				
Bond obligations		42,206,894		42,206,894
Sick leave		213,591		213,591
Net pension liability		6,853,146	339,759	7,192,905
Net OPEB liability		5,460,685	· -	5,460,685
Total due in more than 1 year	-	54,734,316	339,759	55,074,075
Total liabilities	-	59,662,455	355,663	60,018,119
Total liduslikioo	-	00,002,100		00,010,110
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to pensions		1,801,669	89,322	1,890,991
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	_	5,638,799	140,541	5,779,340
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	7,440,468	229,863	7,670,331
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	67,102,923	585,526	67,688,450
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in capital assets		36,939,456	(2,746)	36,936,710
Restricted for:		30,939,430	(2,740)	30,930,710
		1 255 011		1 055 011
Capital projects		1,255,811		1,255,811
Student activities		273,646		273,646
Debt servcie		4,250,497		4,250,497
Food service		//* *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	/ec ::	-
Deficit Total net position	-	(13,688,302) 29,031,107	(392,191) (394,937)	(14,080,494) 28,636,170
rotal flot position	-	20,001,101	(004,001)	20,030,170
TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	96,134,030 \$	190,589 \$	96,324,619

Estill County School District Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2024

Program Revenues

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			_			ogram novembee			Hot (Expone)		onao ana onangoo		ot i doition
										Pri	mary Government		
Functions/Programs		Expenses	· -	Charges for Services	•	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities		Business- type Activities		Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:													
Governmental activities:													
Instruction	\$	13,259,870	\$		\$	2,310,946	\$		\$ (10,948,924)		\$		(10,948,924)
Support Services	·								(, , , ,		·		, , , ,
Student		2,167,063				377,678			(1,789,384)				(1,789,384)
Instructional Staff		1,265,363				220,529			(1,044,834)				(1,044,834)
District Administration		1,012,729				176,500			(836,230)				(836,230)
School Administration		1,487,557				259,253			(1,228,304)				(1,228,304)
Business		937,587				163,404			(774,183)				(774,183)
Plant Operation & Maintenance		2,539,844				442,647			(2,097,197)				(2,097,197)
Student Transportation		1,666,359				290,415			(1,375,944)				(1,375,944)
Food Service Operations		15,919				2,774			(13,145)				(13,145)
Community Services Operations		317,026				55,252			(261,774)				(261,774)
Building Acquistions & Construction		7,500				1,307		203,134	196,941				196,941
Amortization		23,596				4,112			(19,484)				(19,484)
Depreciation		669,170				116,624			(552,546)				(552,546)
Interest on general long-term debt		1,395,209				243,159			(1,152,050)				(1,152,050)
Total governmental activities	-	26,764,793	· -	-		4,664,600		203,134	(21,897,059)			_	(21,897,059)
Business-type activities:													
Food service operations		2,201,574		146,551		2,055,687				\$	664		664
Depreciation		2,746									(2,746)		(2,746)
Total business-type activities	-	2,204,320	· -	146,551		2,055,687			-	_	(2,082)		(2,082)
Total primary government	\$_	28,969,113	\$	146,551	\$	6,720,288	\$	203,134	(21,897,059)	_	(2,082)		(21,899,140)
				General revenues:	_								
					Tax								
						Property taxes			2,910,625				2,910,625
						Motor vehicle taxe	es		611,500				611,500
					_	Uitility taxes			736,277				736,277
						in on sale of equip		nt	3,207				3,207
						e and formula grar	nts		20,037,537				20,037,537
						dent activities			453,933				453,933
						er local revenue			48,429		F F0F		48,429
						estricted investmer	nt ea	arnings	313,796		5,505		319,302
						nsfers	_		05 445 005	_	-		-
						al general revenues	5		25,115,305	_	5,505		25,120,810
				Change in net posi					3,218,246		3,424		3,221,670
					net	position - beginnin position - ending	g		\$ 25,815,860 29,034,107	\$	(398,361) (394,937) \$		25,417,500 28,639,170

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024

Governmental Funds

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service Fund	Building Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 420,920	\$	\$ 5,040,072	\$ 1,255,811	273,646	6,990,448
Receivables, net						
Taxes-current	112,843					112,843
Taxes-delinquent	6,522					6,522
Accounts	60,154					60,154
Intergovernmental		3,550,213				3,550,213
Interfund (Special Revenue Fund)	713,958					713,958
Prepaid assets						
Total assets	1,314,396	3,550,213	5,040,072	1,255,811	273,646	11,434,138
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	236,517	33,483			-	269,999
Accrued salaries and benefits payable	133,067					133,067
Unearned revenue		2,802,772				2,802,772
Interfund (General Fund)		713,958				713,958
Total liabilities	369,584	3,550,213				3,919,796
FUND BALANCE						
Restricted			5,040,072	1,255,811	273,646	6,569,528
Assigned	5,260					5,260
Committed						-
Unassigned	939,553					939,553
Total fund balance	944,813		5,040,072	1,255,811	273,646	7,514,341
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,314,396	\$ 3,550,213	\$ 5,040,072	\$ 1,255,811	273,646	11,434,138

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

und balances-total governmental funds	\$ 7,514,341
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	80,511,350
Costs associated with bond issues and refundings are expensed in the fund financial statements because they are a use of current financial resources but are capitalized on the statement of net position using the economic resources focus	16,496
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave,	
accrued interest payable, other accounts payable, and net pension obligations)	
are not due and payble in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Accrued interest payable	(354,301)
Bonds payable	(43,571,894)
Sick leave liability	(213,591)
Net pension liability	(6,853,146)
Net OPEB liability	(5,460,685)
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	1,717,445
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	3,168,560
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(5,638,799)
Eferred inflows related to pensions	(1,801,669)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 29,034,107

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	Special General Revenue		_	Debt Service Fund	-	Building Fund	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES											
From Local Sources											
Taxes	•	2 222 572	•		•		•	200.040		•	0.040.00
Property	\$	2,228,579	\$		\$		\$	682,046	-	\$	2,910,625
Motor vehicle		611,500									611,500
Utilities		736,277							452.022		736,277
Student activities		150 106				161 601			453,933		453,933
Earnings on investments Other local revenue		152,106 48,429				161,691			-		313,796 48,429
		,		1 010 500		050.007		4 204 706	202 424		•
Intergovernmental - state		17,195,116		1,213,503		952,897		1,381,796	203,134		20,946,446
Intergovernmental - federal Total revenues	_	163,209 21,135,216	_	3,451,097 4,664,600		344,519 1,459,106	-	2,063,842	657,067	-	3,958,825 29,979,832
Total revenues	_	21,135,216	_	4,004,000	_	1,459,106	-	2,003,642	007,007	-	29,979,632
EXPENDITURES											
Instruction		11,021,839		2,874,634					465,819		14,362,293
Support Services											
Student		2,027,706		372,761							2,400,467
Instructional Staff		859,730		565,275							1,425,005
District Administration		984,495		130,131							1,114,626
School Administration		1,523,135		56,901							1,580,036
Business		704,238		272,146							976,383
Plant Operation & Maintenance		2,281,977		280,134							2,562,111
Student Transportation		2,563,538		(297,511)							2,266,027
Other Instructional		350									350
Food Service		(57,597)		73,516							15,919
Community Operations		98		316,578							316,676
Land Improvements											=
Building Acquistions & Construction									1,637,357		1,637,357
Building Improvements		7,500									7,500
Other - Facilities											-
Debt Service	_	04.047.007	_	1 0 1 1 500	_	3,017,946	-		0.400.477	_	3,017,946
Total expenditures	_	21,917,007	_	4,644,566	_	3,017,946	-	-	2,103,177	-	31,682,697
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(781,791)		20,034		(1,558,840)		2,063,842	(1,446,109)		(1,702,865)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Sale of equipment		3,207							-		3,207
Operating transfers in				37,774		2,324,784			723,641		3,086,199
Operating transfers (out)		(761,415)		(57,808)				(2,063,842)	(203,134)		(3,086,199)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	(758,208)		(20,034)	_	2,324,784	=	(2,063,842)	520,507	_	3,207
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,539,999)				765,944		-	(925,603)		(1,699,658)
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	\$_	2,484,812	\$_		\$_	4,274,128	\$_	1,255,811	1,199,249	=	9,213,999
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ _	944,813	\$ _	<u>-</u>	\$ _	5,040,072	\$	1,255,811	273,646	\$ _	7,514,342

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$	(1,699,658)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.		
District pension contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions		767,941
Governmental funds report district OPEB contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.		
District OPEB contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions		803,843
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated		
economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense for the year.		1,587,195
The difference in the issue amount of the refunding of bond proceeds and the amount for payment to the escrow account to pay the refunded bonds is amortized over the life of the refunding issue.		(18,160)
Bonds sold at a discount/premium are deducted/added to the related bond issues and amortized over the life of the bond in the government wide financial statements, but are recognized in the year the bonds are sold in the fund financial statements.		(5,436)
		(0,400)
Bond payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.		1,550,000
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.		
Accrued interest Noncurrent sick leave payable		72,737 159,783
	_	·
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	3,218,246

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2023

		School Food Services
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	50,145
Accounts receivable Net OPEB asset		7.450
Inventories		7,452 13,072
Capital assets:		13,072
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		(2,746)
Total assets		67,923
Total assets	_	07,323
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		85,146
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		37,520
		122,666
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		190,589
LIABILITIES		45.004
Accounts payable		15,904
Net pension liability		339,759
Net OPEB liability Total liabilities		355,663
l otal liabilities	_	333,003
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pensions		89,322
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		140,541
Total defered inflows of resources	_	229,863
		<u>, </u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		585,526
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in capital assets		(2,746)
Deficit	_	(392,191)
Total net position		(394,937)
TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	190,589

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	_	School Food Services
OPERATING REVENUES		
Lunchroom sales	\$	146,551
Total operating revenues	· <u>-</u>	146,551
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Depreciation		2,746
Food service operations		
Employee services		910,027
Operational expense		1,291,547
Total operating expenses		2,204,320
Operating income (loss)	_	(2,057,769)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Intergovermental revenues Transfers in (out)		2,055,687
Earnings on Investments		5,505
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		2,061,193
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		3,424
NET POSITION-BEGINNING		(398,361)
NET POSITION-ENDING	\$	(394,937)

Estill County School District Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2024

		School Food Services
CACH ELONGO EDOM ODEDATINO ACTIVITIES		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Φ.	440.000
Receipts from customers	\$	149,366
Payments to suppliers		(895,100)
Payments to employees		(1,310,188)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(2,055,922)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Operating grants and contributions		2,055,687
Earnings on investments		5,505
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		2,061,193
The case provided (acca, by henceptal manering comme		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		5,271
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-BEGINNING		44,874
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-ENDING	\$	50,145
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used)		
by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(2,057,769)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided	·	, , ,
(used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation		2,746
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables		2,815.79
Inventories		1,714.14
Deferred outflows		7,700.00
Deferred inflows		109,765.00
Pension liability		(28,214.00)
OPEB liability		(107,892.00)
Accounts payable		13,212.51
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(2,055,922)
		· /

NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During the year, the district received \$91,442 of food commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

During the year, the district recognized revenues and expenses for on-behalf payments relating to fringe benefits in the amount of \$128,584 provided by state government.

ESTILL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Estill County Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Estill County Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from Local, State and Federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100-Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operation of the Estill County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the District itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Blended Component Unit

The Board authorized establishment of the Estill County Board of Education Finance Corporationa non-stock, non-profit corporation pursuant to Section 162.385 of the School Bond Act and Chapter273 and Section 58.180 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (the "Corporation") to act as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be the same persons who are at any time the members of the Board of Education of the Estill County Board of Education.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship

between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each functionor program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

(A) General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. Within the General Fund, a permanent fund was established from a gift to the Estill High School for scholarships the benefit of students seeking a college degree. This is always major fund of the District.

(B) Special Revenue (Grant) Fund

The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust funds or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. KDE requires this fund to be a major fund.

(C) Student Activities Fund

The Student Activities Fund accounts are used to support co-curricular activities, and are raised and expended by student groups. These funds are subject to "Redbook".

(D) Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).

SEEK Capital Outlay Fund

The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects as identified in the District's facility plan.

Building (FSPK) Fund

The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy that is required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

Construction Fund

The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sale of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction and/or remodeling. This is a major fund of the District.

(E) Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund of the District.

II. Proprietary Funds (Enterprise Funds)

Food Service Fund

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. This is a major fund of the District.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchangetransactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis, On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also beavailable before it can be recognized.

Unearned revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as unearned revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Inventory consists of food purchased by the District and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures by the Food Service Fund when consumed. Any material commodities on hand at year end are recorded as inventory. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out) using the consumption method and commodities assigned values are based on information provided by the USDA.

Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the government activities column of the government-wide financial statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant and equipment of the district are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Other	10 years

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgment, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension and OPEB contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until

due.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of the accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making terminationpayments.

Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five categories as defined by GASB 54 as follows:

Nonspendable: Permanently nonspendable by decree of the donor, such as an endowment, or funds

that are not in a spendable form, such as prepaid expenses or inventory on hand.

Restricted: Legally restricted under legislation, bond authority, or grantor contract.

Committed: Commitments of future funds for specific purposes passed by the Board.

Assigned: Funds that are intended by management to be used for a specific purpose,

including encumbrances.

Unassigned: Funds available for any purpose; unassigned amounts are reported only in the

General Fund unless a fund has a deficit.

The Board has adopted a GASB 54 spending policy which states that the spending order of funds is to first use restricted, committed, and assigned resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as Net Position. Net Position is reported in three categories:

1) net investment in capital assets – consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets; 2) restricted net position – resulting from constraints placed on net position by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the School District; 3) unrestricted net position – those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net position or net investment in capital assets. It is the District's policy to first apply restricted net position and then unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position areavailable.

Property Taxes

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2024, to finance the General Fund operations

were \$.500 per \$100 valuation of real property, \$.500 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.548 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Non-operating revenues are not generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District those revenues come in the form of grants (federal and state), donated commodities, and earnings from investments.

In-Kind

Local contributions, which include contributed services provided by individuals, private organizations and local governments, are used to match federal and state administered funding on various grants. The amounts of such services and donated commodities are recorded in the accompanying financial statements at their estimated fair market values.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

Interfund Receivables/Payables

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Interfund Transfers

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the appropriate period. The District reports three types of deferred outflows – contributions to the CERS's pension and OPEB plans after the measurement period and the unrecognized portion of a deferred loss on the refinancing of long-term debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized an inflow of resources (revenue) until the appropriate period. The District reports two types of deferred inflows related to the net difference projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than OPEBs (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), and the County Retirement System of Kentucky (CERS), and additions to/deductions from TRS's/CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS/CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordancewith the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Bond and Related Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when bonds are issued.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenditures, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Process

The District prepares its budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis as used to prepare the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds. Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law. Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end. The Kentucky Department of Education does not require the Capital Project Funds and Debt Service Funds to prepare budgets.

Recent GASB Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB

Statement No. 62 effective for the District's year ended June 30, 2024

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, effective for the District's year ended June 30, 2024

GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures, effective for the Districts year ended June 30, 2025

GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements, effective for the Districts year ended June 30, 2025

GASB Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*, effective for the Districts year ended June 30, 2025

The impact of these pronouncements on the District's financial statement has not been determined

NOTE B - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240(4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

At year end the District's bank balances were collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name and FDIC insurance. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's

cash and cash equivalents \$7,040,593. The bank balance for the same time was \$7,172,607.

Due to the nature of the accounts and certain limitations imposed on the use of funds, each bank account within the following funds is considered to be restricted: SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, Facility Support Program (FSPK/Building) Fund, special Revenue (Grant Fund), Debt Service Fund, School Construction Fund, School Food Service Fund, and School Activity Fund.

NOTE C-CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

Governmental Activities		July 1, 2023		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2024
Land	\$	770,458	\$	-	\$	-	\$	770,458
Land improvements		1,170,421		-		-		1,170,421
Buildings		51,175,743		-		-		51,175,743
Technology equipment		558,421		104,457		-		662,878
Vehicles		2,715,861		514,551		-		3,230,412
General equipment		557,242		-		-		557,242
Construction in progress		39,054,294		1,637,358				40,691,651
Total at historical cost	\$	96,002,441	\$	2,256,366	\$		\$	98,258,807
Less: Accumulated depreciation								
Land improvements	\$	1,086,605	\$	19,951	\$	-	\$	1,106,556
Buildings		12,455,448		437,079		-		12,892,596
Technology equipment		588,829		16,349		-		605,178
Vehicles		2,388,541		190,291		-		2,578,831
General equipment		558,864		5,501				564,365
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	17,078,287	\$	669,170	\$		\$	17,747,457
						_		
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets-net	\$	78,924,154	\$	1,587,195	\$		\$	80,511,349
								_
Business-Type Activities		July 1, 2023		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2024
Technology equipment	\$	100,630	\$	-	\$	-	\$	100,630
Vehicles		-		-		-		-
General equipment		348,033				-		348,033
Total at historical cost	\$	448,663	\$		\$	-	\$	448,663
Less: Accumulated depreciation								
Technology equipment		100,630		_		-		100,630
Vehicles		-		-		-		-
General equipment		348,033		2,746		-		350,779
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	448,663	\$	2,746	\$	_	\$	451,408
•	·		·		·		·	
Business-Type Activities								
Capital Assets-net	\$	_	\$	(2,746)	\$	_	\$	(2,746)
Suprice / 1000to flot	Ψ		Ψ	(=,1 =0)	Ψ.		Ψ.	(=,: =0)

Depreciation expense was not allocated to governmental functions.

NOTE D – DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Bonds

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as bonded debt and lease obligations represent the District's future obligations to make payments relating to the bonds issued by the Estill County School District Finance Corporation.

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes), Building (FSPK) Fund, and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Estill County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any timeby retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The original amount of outstanding issues, the issue dates, interest rates, maturity dates, and outstanding balances, at June 30, 2024 are summarized below:

Bond Issue Date	Original Amount	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>	2023 Outstanding <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Retirements	2024 Outstanding <u>Balance</u>
2010 QSCB	7,350,000	9/1/2027	4.94%	\$ 7,350,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,350,000
2012R	1,690,000	6/1/2024	1.0 - 2.25%	210,000	-	210,000.00	-
2013 Issue	1,555,000	11/1/2033	1.4 - 4.25%	1,285,000	-	45,000.00	1,240,000
2007B Issue	440,000	1/1/2028	4.15-4.2%	145,000	-	25,000.00	120,000
2015R	5,295,000	9/1/2030	2.0 - 3.0%	4,455,000	-	120,000.00	4,335,000
2015	1,095,000	8/1/2035	1.0-3.625%	770,000	-	50,000.00	720,000
2015R2	2,155,000	1/1/27	1.75-3.00%	1,655,000	-	400,000.00	1,255,000
2018	6,380,000	6/1/2028	3.0-3.75%	6,205,000	-	35,000.00	6,170,000
2020	8,030,000	2/1/2040	2.0-3.0%	7,210,000	-	245,000.00	6,965,000
2021	13,885,000	9/1/2044	2.00-4.00%	13,550,000		350,000.00	13,200,000
2022	2,315,000	9/1/2041	4.00%	2,315,000		70,000.00	2,245,000
				45,150,000	-	1,550,000	43,600,000
	Add:	Premium		287,668		11,027	276,641
	Less:	Discount		(321,210)		(16,463)	(304,747)
	Totals			\$ 45,116,458	\$ -	\$ 1,544,564	\$ 43,571,894

The District has entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Kentucky Legislature, for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs, created the Commission. The table following sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity at dates and redemption premiums specified in each issue. Assuming no issues are called prior to maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2024 for debt service, (principal and interest) are as follows:

Year Ended	Princ	cipa	<u>L</u>	<u>Interest</u>				Principal			Interest	
June 30	Local		SFCC	Local		SFCC	,	<u>Federal</u>		<u>Total</u>		Total
2025	\$ 1,037,391	\$	327,609	\$ 346,598	\$	367,500	\$	872,211	\$	1,365,000	\$	1,586,309
2026	1,061,340		338,660	349,957		366,240		850,573		1,400,000		1,566,770
2027	1,639,572		345,428	363,618		364,980		821,520		1,985,000		1,550,118
2028	7,909,019		1,160,981	30,000		182,175		781,031		9,070,000		993,206
2029-2033	7,872,869		1,062,131	-		-		3,266,234		8,935,000		3,266,234
2034-2038	9,084,073		500,927	-		-		2,068,722		9,585,000		2,068,722
2039-2043	8,242,495		42,505	-		-		798,678		8,285,000		798,678
2044-2045	2,975,000		-	-		-		67,331		2,975,000		67,331
	\$ 39,821,759	\$	3,778,241	\$ 1,090,173	\$	1,280,895	\$	9,526,298	\$	43,600,000	\$	11,897,366

The District has a Qualified School Construction Bond, of which the District makes contributions over the life of the bond to a sinking fund to retire the bond upon maturity. The District has accumulated \$5,041,080.67 as of June 30, 2024.

Accumulated Sick Leave

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. The activity during fiscal year 2024 for accumulated sick leave is as follows:

2023							2024				
Description Outstanding			Add	itions	Ref	tirements	Outstanding				
Sick Leave	\$	373,378	\$	-	\$	159,787	\$	312,591			

Net Pension & OPEB Liability

Activity in the net pension and net OPEB liability are below:

	2023			2024
Description	Outstanding	Additions	Retirements	Outstanding
Net Pension Liability	\$ 8,130,599		\$ 937,694	\$ 7,192,905
Net OPEB Liability	9,380,286		3,919,601	5,460,685
Totals	\$ 17,510,885		\$ 4,857,295	\$ 12,653,590

NOTE E – RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification.

Teachers Retirement System Kentucky (TRS)

Plan description—Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky—a cost-sharing multiple- employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

Benefits provided—For members who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university members with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New members (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than ten years. New members after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the system has been amended to change the benefit structure for members hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing members and \$5,000 for retired or disabled members.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions in the amount of 13.105% of salaries for local school district employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description—In addition to the pension benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Medical coverage through TRS is funded by a combination of contributions from employees, the state and other employers. Coverage is provided through an account established pursuant to 26 United States Code. sec. 401(h) and a 115 trust fund that went into effect on July 1, 2010. The insurance trust fund includes employer and retired member contributions required under KRS 161.550 and KRS 161.675(4)(b).

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy—In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven- and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three-point seventy-five percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to TRS

At June 30, 2024 the District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of KTRS net pension liability	\$	-
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net pension		
liability associated with the District		47,972,172
	•	
	\$	47,972,172

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June, 30, 2024, the District's proportion was 0.281500%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 24 years

Inflation 3.0%

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market value

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.1%

Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.66%

Projected Salary Increase 3.50 -7.20%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.1%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation.

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2022:

In the 2022 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality

Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups: service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.5% to 7.1% and the price inflation assumption was raised from 2.5% to 3.0%.

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, set forward two year for males and one year for females rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2022 with projection scale AA, which was used prior to 2016. In the 2011 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2011 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2022 with projection scale AA, set back one year for females rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Tables which was used prior to 2016. For the 2011 valuation through the 2013 valuation, an interest smoothing methodology was used to calculate liabilities for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contributions.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2022. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0 percent to 2.5 percent. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected

returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Long Term Expected

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	35.4%	5.0%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	5.5%
Developed International Equity	15.7%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.3%	6.1%
Fixed Income	15.0%	1.9%
High Yield Bonds	5.0%	3.8%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	3.6%
Real Estate	7.0%	3.2%
Private Equity	7.0%	8.0%
Cash	2.0%	1.6%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table presents the net pension liability of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the Commonwealth's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

TRS	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
State's proportionate share			
of net pension liability	\$ 6,432,899,930	\$ 47,972,172	\$ 3,818,215,894

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report which is publicly available at http://www.TRS.ky.gov/.

County Employees Retirement System

Plan description—Substantially all full-time classified employees of the District participate in the County Employees Retirement System ("CERS"). CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky General Assembly. The plan covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of each county and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement SystemsAnnual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided: Benefits under the plan will vary based on final compensation, years of service and other factors as fully described in the plan documents.

Contributions: Funding for CERS is provided by members, who contribute 5.00% (6.00% for employees hired after September 1, 2008) of their salary through payroll deductions, and by employers of members. For the year ending June 30, 2023, employers were required to contribute 26.95% of the member's salary. During the year ending June 30, 2023, the District contributed \$761,433 to the CERS pension plan. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

CERS-Medical Insurance Plan

In addition to the CERS pension benefits described above, recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service as follows: Less than 4 years -0%, 4-9 years -25%, 10-14 years -50%, 15-19 years -75% and 20 or more years -100%.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CERS

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined using standard roll-forwardtechniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was 0.112100%.

	\$ 7,192,906
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability associated with the District	-
District's proportionate share of CERS net pension liability	\$ 7,192,906

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension revenue of \$767,941. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

CERS	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	372,363	\$	19,545
Changes of assumptions		-		659,235
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		777,038		875,153
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions District contributions subsequent to the		-		337,058
measurement date		653,191		-
	-		_	
	\$	1,802,592	\$	1,890,991

The \$653,191 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five-year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Year Ended June 30,
	•	
2024	\$	(441,162)
2025		(391,369)
2026		160,575
2027		(69,634)
	•	
	\$	(741,590)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total pension liability for CERS was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of Pay
Amortization Period	30-year closed period at June 30, 2019
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets
	and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increase	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Investment Rate of Return	6.25%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Phase-In Provision	Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018.

The mortality table used for active members was Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the Nonhazardous Plans, and the Pub-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the Hazardous Plans, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality

improvement scale using a base year of 2023. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with rates multiplied by 150% for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized in the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.30% per annum for both the non-hazardous and hazardous plan.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
US Equity	25.00%	5.90%
Non-US Equity	25.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Special Credit/High Yield	10.00%	3.65%
Core Bonds	10.00%	2.45%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Opportunistic	0.00%	N/A
Real Return	10.00%	5.15%
	100.00%	

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.50%. The long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine thetotal pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the

discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

CERS	19	% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
		5.50%	6.50%	7.50%
District's proportionate share				
of net pension liability	\$	9,081,478	\$ 7,192,906	\$ 1,708,600

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary netposition is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publicly available at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Other Retirement Plans

The District also offers employees the option to participate in defined contribution plans under Sections 403(B) and 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. All regular full-time and part-time employees are eligible to participate and may contribute up to the maximum allowable by law. These plans are administered by an independent third-party administrator.

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until their termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, allows entities with little or no administrative involvement and who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statements. The District, therefore, does not report these assets and liabilities on its financial statements.

NOTE F – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The District's employees participate in retirement systems of either TRS or CERS as described earlier. The following describes the postemployment benefits other than OPEB for both systems.

TRS – General Information about the OPEB Plans

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided OPEBs through TRS – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at

http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans.

Retiree Medical Plan funded by the Medical Insurance Fund

Plan description—In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided - To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions - In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven- and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three-point seventy-five percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$3,611,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was .148274%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of TRS net OPEB liability	\$	3,611,000
Charles and the state of the TDC and ODED		
State's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB		
liability associated with the District		3,044,000
	¢.	((55,000
	\$	6,655,000

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

MIF	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$	-	\$ 1,224,000
Changes of assumptions		821,000	-
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		68,000	-
Changes in proportion and differences			
between District contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions		1,252,000	1,580,000
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	-	270,756	
	\$	2,411,756	\$ 2,804,000

The \$270,756 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

MIF		Year Ended June 30,
	•	
2025	\$	(253,000)
2026		(204,000)
2027		40,000
2028		16,000
2029		(118,000)
Thereafter		(144,000)
	•	
	\$	(663,000)

Changes of Benefit Terms – The TRS 4 benefit tier was added for members joining the system on and after Jan. 1, 2022.

Changes of Assumptions-

- In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives.
- The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10%. The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%.
- The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total OPEB liability was determined using an actuarial valuation of June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date June 30, 2022

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percent of Payroll

Amortization Period 26 years

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed value

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.1%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, includes

price inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.66%

Investment Rate of Return 7.1%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, includes

price inflation

Inflation 2.5%

Real Wage Growth 0.25%

Wage Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increase 3.0 to 7.5%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 7.1%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2022. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.5% to 7.1% and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3% to 2.5%. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Percentage	Rate Percentage of Return
Global Equity	40.0%	5.2%
Developed International Equity	15.0%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.1%
Fixed Income	21.0%	1.9%
Real Estate	7.0%	3.2%
Private Equity	5.0%	8.0%
Additional Categories: high yield	8.0%	1.7%
Other additional categories	5.0%	4.0%
Cash	2.00%	1.6%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74. The projections basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The pre-65 retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010 were assumed to be paid by either the State or the retirees themselves.
- As administrative expenses, other than the administrative fee of \$8.00 PMPM paid to KEHP by TRS, were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.
- Future contributions to the MIF were based upon the contribution rates defined in statue and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1)(c).3 and 161.550(5), when the MIF achieves a sufficient prefunded status, as determined by the retirement system's actuary, the following MIF statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated:

- Employee Contributions
- Employer Contributions
- State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30,2010

To reflect these adjustments, open group projections were used and assumed an equal, pro rata

reduction to the current statutory amount in the years if/when the MIF is projected to achieve a Funded Ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions

equal to the actuarially determined contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the MIF's funding policy. As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.675(4)(b).

In developing the adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years the following was assumed

- Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidies attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.
- A 0% active member growth rate was assumed for the purposes of developing estimates for new entrants (membership dates beyond June 30, 2020)

Based on these assumptions, the MIF's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted.

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the health care cost trend rates, as well as what the Commonwealth's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

MIF	1% Decrea	ase Current Dis	scount Rate	1% Increase
	6.1	0%	7.10%	8.10%
District's proportionate share				
of net OPEB liability	\$ 4,645,0	000 \$	3,611,000	\$ 2,757,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-

percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

MIF	1%	6 Decrease	C	urrent Trend Rate	1	1% Increase
District's proportionate share						
of net OPEB liability	\$	2,600,000	\$	3,611,000	\$	4,645,000

Other Post Employment Benefits Liabilities related to the Life Insurance Plan funded by - Life Insurance Plan (LIF)

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan - TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided - Effective July 1, 2000, the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System shall:

- Provide a life insurance benefit in a minimum amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for its members who are retired for service or disability. This life insurance benefit shall be payable upon the death of a member retired for service or disability to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member on a form prescribed by the retirement system; and
- Provide a life insurance benefit in a minimum amount of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for its active contributing members. This life insurance benefit shall be payable upon the death of an active contributing member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member on a form prescribed by the retirement system.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

Note: Members employed on a substitute or part-time basis and working at least 69% of a full contract year in a single fiscal year will be eligible for a life insurance benefit for the balance of the fiscal year or the immediately succeeding fiscal year under certain conditions. For non-vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, the life insurance benefit is provided if death occurs as the result of a physical injury on the job. For vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, death does not have to be the result of a physical injury on the job for life insurance benefits to be provided.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2024, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS

net OPEB liability associated with the District \$ 75,000

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB revenue of \$313,837 for support provided by the State.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed value

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.1%

Municipal Bond Index Rate 2.13%

Investment Rate of Return 7.1%, includes price inflation

Inflation 2.5%

Real Wage Growth 0.25 % Wage Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increase 3 to 7.5%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 7.1%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Amount-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5- year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Percentage	Rate Percentage of Return
U.S. Equity	40.00%	5.20%
International Equity	15.00%	5.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.00%	6.10%
Fixed Income	21.00%	1.90%
Real Estate	7.00%	3.20%
Private Equity	5.00%	8.00%
Additional categories	5.00%	4.00%
Cash	2.00%	1.60%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projections basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The employer will contribute the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) in accordance with the Life Insurance Trust's funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applies.
- As administrative expenses were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan.

• Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the LIF's fiduciary net position was <u>not</u> projected to be depleted.

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

CERS - General Information about the OPEB Plans

Other Pension Benefit Programs-Employees' Health Plan

Plan description – Recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service as follows: Less than 4 years – 0%, 4-9 years – 25%, 10-14 years – 50%, 15-19 years – 75% and 20 or more years – 100%.

Benefits provided – Post Retirement Death Benefits – members with a least 4 years creditable service the System will pay a \$5,000 death benefit. Insurance benefits as described above.

Contributions - Requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll, as disclosed above. Current employees pay 1% toward the insurance fund.

The unfunded medical benefit obligation of the CERS, based upon the entry age normal cost method, as of June 30, 2023 was as follows (in thousands):

Total medical benefit obligation	\$	15,089,106
Net position available for benefits at actuarial value		(8,672,597)
Unfunded medical benefit obligation	\$_	6,416,509

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$(157,767) for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the

District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was .112096 percent.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	(157,767)
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		
associated with the District		-
	-	
	\$	(157,767)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB revenue of \$490,006. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	107,896	\$	2,197,540
Changes of assumptions		304,571		212,256
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		289,641		325,559
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		17,624		239,985
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		74,593		-
	\$	794,325	\$	2,975,340

The \$74,593 (includes \$50,551 Implicit Subsidy) reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

	Year Ended June 30,
2024	\$ (582,012)
2025	(709,570)
2026	(519,165)
2027	(444,862)
	\$ (2,255,609)

Implicit Employer Subsidy- The fully-insured premiums KRS pays for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. GASB 74 requires that the liability associated with this implicit subsidy be included in the calculation of the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms-None

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total OPEB liability for CERS was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The financial reporting actuarial valuation used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Date of Valuation June 30, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level percent of pay

Amortization Period 30-year closed period at June 30, 2023

Asset Valuation Method 20% of difference between the market value of

assets and the expected actuarial value of assets.

Price Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase 3.30 - 10.3%, varies by service

Investment Return 6.50%
Payroll Growth 2.00%

Mortality System-specific mortality table based on

mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023

Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65) Initial trend starting at 6.25% and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over

period of 13 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65) Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over

period of 14 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Phase-In) Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially

determined rate in accordance with HB362

enacted in 2018.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.93%. The rate is based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.50% and a municipal bond rate of 2.45%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2023. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ended, the plan's insurance fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the retirement plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plan's trust. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The projection of cash flows used to determine the singlediscount

rate assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) that applies to CERS.

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 5.93%, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount

rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.93%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.93%) than the current rate:

CERS	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	4.93%	5.93%	6.93%
District's proportionate share			
of net OPEB liability	\$ 290,439	\$ (157,767)	\$ (527,573)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability to changes in health care trends is below:

CERS	1% Decrease	ecrease Current Trend Rate		1% Increase
District's proportionate share				
of net OPEB liability	\$ (496,056)	\$	(157,767)	\$ 264,474

NOTE G – COMMITMENTS

The District has commitments of \$1,255,811 as of June 30, 2024 for future construction projects.

NOTE H – CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local governmental agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and un-reimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their program.

NOTE I – LITIGATION

The District has no pending or threatened litigation involving amounts exceeding \$20,000 individually or in the aggregate as of June 30, 2024.

NOTE J - INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, illegal acts etc. Each of these risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated which include Workers' Compensation insurance.

NOTE K – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to illegal acts, torts, theft/damage/destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, unemployment, errors and omission, and general liability coverage, the District purchased commercial insurance policies.

NOTE L – COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

NOTE M – TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

From Fund	<u>To Fund</u>	Amount	Purpose
General	Special Revenue	\$ 37,774	KETS
Capital Outlay	Debt Service	203,134	Debt Payments
FSPK	Debt Service	2,063,842	Debt Payments
General	Debt Service	\$ 344,519	Debt Payments

NOTE N – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For fiscal year 2024, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed estimated payments on behalf of the District as follows:

Plan/Description	<u>Amount</u>
Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (GASB Schedule A)	\$ 2,885,586
Health and Life Insurance	2,919,705
Administrative Fee	33,660
HRA/Dental/Vision	175,788
Federal Reimbursement	(296,687)
Technology	121,213
SFCC Debt Service Payments	908,412
Total	\$ 6,747,376

These amounts are included in the financial statements as state revenue and an expense allocated to the different functions in the same proportion as full-time employees.

NOTE O – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The District had no prior period adjustments.

NOTE P – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through November 15, 2024 the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Estill County School District

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budgete	d Ar	mounts				Variance with Final Budget
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual		Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES								
From Local Sources								
Taxes					_		_	
Property	\$	2,270,000		2,270,000	\$	2,228,579	\$	(41,421)
Motor vehicle		475,000		475,000		611,500		136,500
Utilities		675,000		675,000		736,277		61,277
Earnings on investments		125,000		125,000		152,106		27,106
Other local revenue		30,505		30,505		48,429		17,924
Intergovernmental - state		16,756,217		16,756,217		17,195,116		438,900
Intergovernmental - federal Total revenues	_	100,000 20,431,722	_	100,000 20,431,722	_	163,209 21,135,216		63,209 703,495
rotarrevenues	_	20,431,722	_	20,431,722	_	21,133,210		703,495
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction		10,989,511		10,994,088		11,021,839		(27,751)
Support Services								
Student		1,839,108		1,839,108		2,027,706		(188,598)
Instructional Staff		702,817		700,931		859,730		(158,800)
District Administration		742,262		762,262		984,495		(222,233)
School Administration		1,437,017		1,412,093		1,523,135		(111,042)
Business		820,392		820,392		704,238		116,155
Plant Operation & Maintenance		2,075,343		2,141,143		2,281,977		(140,834)
Student Transportation		1,971,323		1,971,323		2,563,538		(592,215)
Other Instructional		350		350		350		-
Food Service Operation		27,790		27,790		(57,597)		85,387
Community Services						98		(98)
Building Improvements						7,500		(7,500)
Debt Service	_	00 005 040	_	00 000 470		-		(4.047.500)
Total expenditures	_	20,605,913	-	20,669,479		21,917,007		(1,247,528)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	;	(174,191)		(237,758)		(781,791)		(544,033)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						3,207		
Sale of equipment						3,207		3,207
Operating transfers in		450,000		200,000		-		(200,000)
Operating transfers (out)	_		_	(100,000)	_	(761,415)		(661,415)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	450,000	_	100,000		(758,208)		(858,208)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		275,809		(137,758)		(1,539,999)		(1,402,241)
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	1,600,000	_	1,600,000	_	2,484,812		884,812
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$	1,875,809	\$	1,462,242	\$	944,813	\$	(517,429)

Estill County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	Budget	ed Am	ounts				Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	_	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES								
From Local Sources								
Other local revenue	\$	(652)		26,353	\$	=	\$	(26,353)
Intergovernmental - state		753,479 [°]		1,197,793		1,213,503		15,710
Intergovernmental - federal		3,553,410		2,265,004		3,451,097		1,186,093
Total revenues	_	4,306,238	_	3,489,150	_	4,664,600	_	1,175,450
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction		3,192,367		2,625,592		2,874,634		(249,041)
Support Services								, ,
Student		391,682		292,211		372,761		(80,550)
Instructional Staff		294,001		114,851		565,275		(450,425)
District Admin		17,188		20,000		130,131		(110,131)
School Admin		6,484				56,901		(56,901)
Business Support		(53,672)		117,371		272,146		(154,775)
Plant Operation & Maintenance		135,285		105,232		280,134		(174,902)
Student Transportation		(1,761)				(297,511)		297,511
Community Services Operations		324,663		313,548		316,578		(3,030)
Debt Services						-		-
Total expenditures	=	4,306,238	_	3,588,805	_	4,571,050	_	(982,245)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		(99,655)		93,551		193,205
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in				226,043		37,774		(188,269)
Operating transfers (out)				(126,043)		(57,808)		68,235
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	-	_	100,000	_	(20,034)	_	(120,034)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE				345		73,517		(73,171)
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_		_		_		_	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$_	-	\$	345	\$	<u>-</u>	\$_	(73,171)

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CERS and TRS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:		rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2024 (2023)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2023 (2022)				ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2021 (2020)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2020 (2019)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2019 (2018)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2018 (2017)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2017 (2016)
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.11210%		0.11756%		0.12044%	0.13122%	0.12597%	0.12960%	0.13000%	0.14000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asse	t) \$	7,192,906	\$	8,498,573	\$	7,679,186	\$ 10,064,159	\$ 8,859,175	\$ 7,892,730	\$ 7,605,261	\$ 6,649,006
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District							 	 	 	 	
Total	\$	7,192,906	\$	8,498,573	\$	7,679,186	\$ 10,064,159	\$ 8,859,175	\$ 7,892,730	\$ 7,605,261	\$ 6,649,006
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	6,046,350	\$	3,404,441	\$	3,089,179	\$ 3,313,205	\$ 3,265,706	\$ 3,267,513	\$ 3,205,401	\$ 3,247,082
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		118.96%		249.63%		248.58%	303.76%	271.28%	241.55%	237.26%	204.77%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		57.68%		52.00%		57.33%	47.81%	50.54%	53.54%	53.30%	59.00%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:											
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.282%		0.288%		0.280%	0.284%	0.288%	0.298%	0.000%	0.000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asse	t) \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		47,972,172		48,860,050		36,408,192	 40,259,710	 39,338,003	 39,985,731	 84,263,333	 93,552,217
Total	\$	47,972,172	\$	48,860,050	\$	36,408,192	\$ 40,259,710	\$ 39,338,003	\$ 39,985,731	\$ 84,263,333	\$ 93,552,217
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	11,240,650	\$	11,229,388	\$	10,327,285	\$ 10,349,096	\$ 10,116,723	\$ 10,331,570	\$ 10,463,717	\$ 10,262,496
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		57.70%		56.40%		65.59%	58.27%	58.80%	59.30%	39.80%	35.22%

ESTILL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

CERS and TRSFor the year ended June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:								
Contractually required contribution	\$ 761,433	\$ 740,544	\$ 576,758	\$ 701,062	\$ 750,630	\$ 668,084	\$ 473,136	\$ 598,769
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	761,433	740,544	576,758	701,062	750,630	668,084	\$ 473,136	\$ 598,769
Contribution deficiency (excess)								
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,046,350	\$ 3,404,441	\$ 3,089,179	\$ 3,313,205	\$ 3,265,706	\$ 3,267,513	\$ 3,205,401	\$ 3,247,082
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	12.59%	21.75%	18.67%	21.16%	22.99%	20.45%	14.76%	18.44%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:								
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution								
Contribution deficiency (excess)								
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,240,650	\$ 11,229,388	\$ 11,014,031	\$ 10,327,285	\$ 10,349,096	\$ 10,116,723	\$ 10,331,570	\$ 10,463,717
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

ESTILL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(1) CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes of benefit terms for TRS or CERS.

(2) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

TRS

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020:

- o Remaining amortization period changed to 24 years
- o Single Equivalent interest rate changed to 7.1%
- Municipal bond rate index changed to 3.66%
- o Projected salary increase changed to 3.50-7.20%
- o Investment rate of return changed to 7.1%

CERS

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019:

- o Remaining amortization period increased to 30 years
- o Salary increase changed to 3.30 to 10.30%

(3) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

TRS

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 24 years Inflation 3.0%

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market value

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.1% Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.66%

Projected Salary Increase 3.50 -7.20%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.1%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation.

ESTILL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

CERS

The Board of Trustees uses this actuarial valuation to certify the employer contribution rates for CERS for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2023 and ending June 30, 2024. The amortization period of the unfunded liability has been reset as of July 1, 2013 to a closed 30-year period. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019

Experience Study July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level percent of pay

Remaining Amortization Period 30 years, Closed Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be

amortized over separate closed 20-year amortization bases

Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected

actuarial value of assets is recognized

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service for CERS Nonhazardous;

Investment Rate of Return 6.25% for CERS Nonhazardous and Hazardous.

Phase-in Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate in

accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018 for

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2024

		2024		leasurement Date)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2023 (2022)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2022 (2021)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2021 (2020)	sing Fiscal Year surement Date) 2020 (2019)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2019 (2018)
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN		(2020)		(2022)		(2021)	-	(2020)	 (2010)	-	(2010)		
Districts' proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)		14.82740%		0.20790%		0.14918%		0.15279%	0.15446%		0.16872%		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset	\$	3,611,000	\$	5,161,000	\$	3,201,000	\$	3,856,000	\$ 4,521,000	\$	5,347,000		
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District		3,044,000		1,696,000		2,600,000		3,089,000	 3,651,000		4,608,000		
Total	\$	6,655,000	\$	6,857,000	\$	5,801,000	\$	6,945,000	\$ 8,172,000	\$	9,955,000		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	11,240,650	\$	11,229,388	\$	10,327,285	\$	10,349,096	\$ 10,116,723	\$	10,331,570		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	•	32.12%	•	45.96%	-	31.00%		37.26%	44.69%		51.75%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)		52.97%		47.75%		39.05%		39.10%	32.60%		25.50%		
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN													
Districts' proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%	0.000%		0.000%		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-		
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District		75,000							 				
Total	\$	75,000	\$	_	\$		\$		\$ 	\$			
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	11,240,650	\$	11,229,388	\$	10,327,285	\$	10,349,096	\$ 10,116,723	\$	10,331,570		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asseet) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%	0.000%		0.000%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)		76.9100%		73.9700%		89.1500%		71.6000%	73.4000%		75.0000%		

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2024

MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN	 2024		2023		2022	 2021		2020	2019	
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN										
Contractually required contribution	\$ 280,954	\$	275,862	\$	194,860	\$ 264,621	\$	269,828	\$	267,290
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 280,954		275,862		194,860	 264,621	-	269,828		267,290
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 <u>-</u>					 				
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,240,650	\$	11,229,388	\$	11,014,031	\$ 10,327,285	\$	10,349,096	\$	10,116,723
District's proportionate share as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	2.50%		2.46%		1.77%	2.56%		2.61%		2.64%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN										
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u> _		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 		_		_	 _				_
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,240,650	\$	11,229,388	\$	11,014,031	\$ 10,327,285	\$	10,349,096	\$	10,116,723
District's proportionate share as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2024

		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2024 (2023)			ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2022 (2021)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2021 (2020)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2020 (2019)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2019 (2018)
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN		(2020)	 (2022)	-	(2021)	 (2020)	(2010)	-	(2010)
Districts' proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)		0.112096	0.117543		0.12042%	0.13171%	0.12593%		0.12959%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asse	t) \$	(157,767)	\$ 2,319,727	\$	2,305,285	\$ 3,180,372	\$ 2,118,120	\$	2,300,845
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 	 <u>-</u>		
Total	\$	(157,767)	\$ 2,319,727	\$	2,305,285	\$ 3,180,372	\$ 2,118,120	\$	2,300,845
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	6,046,350	\$ 3,404,441	\$	3,089,179	\$ 3,313,205	\$ 3,265,706	\$	3,267,513
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		-2.61%	68.14%		74.62%	95.99%	64.86%		70.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)		-4.63%	60.94%		62.91%	51.67%	60.44%		57.62%

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2024

		2024	2023		 2022	 2021	2020	2019		
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN						_	_			
Contractually required contribution	\$	24,042	\$	135,562	\$ 111,235	\$ 121,060	\$ 91,528	\$	70,507	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		24,042		135,562	 111,235	 121,060	 91,528		70,507	
Contribution deficiency (excess)					 <u>-</u>	 	 <u>-</u>			
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	6,046,350	\$	3,404,441	\$ 2,203,593	\$ 3,089,179	\$ 3,313,205	\$	3,265,706	
District's proportionate share as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	Э	0.40%		3.98%	5.05%	3.92%	2.76%		4.70%	

ESTILL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024

TRS

(1) CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

There were no changes of benefit terms for the medical insurance fund or the life insurance fund.

(2) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

- In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs and
- The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8% to 7.1%. The price inflation assumption was
- The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

(3) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

Medical Insurance Fund

The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2023:

Valuation Date June 30, 2022

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level percent of payroll

Remaining Amortization 26 years, closed

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed fair value

Inflation 2.5%

Real wage growth 0.25%

Wage inflation 2.75%

Salary Increase 3.0 to 7.5%, including inflation

Discount rate 7.1%

ESTILL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024

CERS

Other Pension Benefit Programs-Employees' Health Plan

(1) CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

There were no changes of benefit terms.

(2) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

- o Amortization period increased to 30.
- \circ Salary increase changed from 3.30 11.55% to 3.30 10.30%
- o Mortality methodology changed from RP-2000 to MP-2014
- Health care trend rates Pre-65 changed to having an initial trend rate of 6.25% decreasing to 4.05% over 13 years
- Health care trend rates Post-65 changed to having an initial trend rate of 5.5% decreasing to 4.05% over 11 years

(3) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

Recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service as follows: Less than 4 years -0%, 4-9 years -25%, 10-14 years -50%, 15-19 years -75% and 20 or more years -100%.

Contributions requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll, as disclosed above.

Actuarial Valuations as Of June 30, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method 20% of difference between the market value of assets and the

expected actuarial value of assets.

Amortization Method Level percent of pay

Amortization Period 30 years, closed at June 30, 2023

Payroll Growth 2.00% Investment Return 6.50% Price Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30 - 10.30%, varies by service

Mortality MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of

2023

Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65) Initial trend starting at 6.25% and gradually decreasing to an

ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over period of 13 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Post 65) Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually decreasing to an

ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over period of 11 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Phase-In) Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate

in accordance with HB362 enacted in 2018.

Estill County School District Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Cap Out		Construction	S	chool Activity Fund		Total
Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	\$ _		\$	273,646	\$	273,646
Total Assets		<u>-</u> :	-	=	273,646	_	273,646
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable	\$	\$		\$		\$	
Total Liabilities		<u>-</u> -	-	. <u>—</u>		_	
Fund Balance							
Restricted					273,646		273,646
Total Fund Balance			-	_	273,646		273,646
Total Fund Balance and Liabilitie	\$	- \$	-	\$	273,646	\$	273,646

Estill County School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2024

		Capital Outlay	Construction	School Activity Fund	Total
Revenues	_				
From Local Sources					
Property Taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$	-
Student Activities				453,933	453,933
Earnings on Investments					-
Other Local Revenue					-
Intergovernmental - State	_	203,134			203,134
Total Revenues	_	203,134		453,933	657,067
Expenditures					
Instruction				465,819	465,819
Food Service Operations					-
Building Acquisitions	_		1,637,357		1,637,357
Total Expenditures	_		1,637,357	465,819	2,103,177
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	_	203,134	(1,637,357)	(11,886)	(1,446,109)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In			723,641		723,641
Transfers (Out)	_	(203,134)	(0)		(203,134)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(203,134)	723,641		520,507
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	(913,717)	(11,886)	(925,603)
Fund Balance Beginning	_		913,717	285,532	1,199,249
Fund Balance Ending	\$ _	\$	\$	273,646 \$	273,646

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Estill County School District Combining Balance Sheet - School Activity Funds June 30, 2024

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

	_	SOUTH IRVINE ELEMENTARY	 ESTILL SPRINGS ELEMENTARY	WEST IRVINE ELEMENTARY	ESTILL COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL	ESTILL COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL		TOTAL
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Total Assets	\$_ =	17,628 17,628	\$ 31,138 31,138	\$ 28,413 28,413	64,745 64,745	\$ 131,722 131,722	\$	273,646 273,646
LIABILITIES Accounts payable								-
FUND BALANCE School activities	_	17,628 27,282	 31,138	28,413	64,745	131,722	_	273,646
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ _	17,628	\$ 31,138	\$ 28,413	64,745	\$ 131,722	\$	273,646

Estill County School District

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - School Activity Fund

Year ended June 30, 2024

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

	_	SOUTH IRVINE ELEMENTARY		ESTILL SPRINGS ELEMENTARY		WEST IRVINE ELEMENTARY		ESTILL COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL		ESTILL COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL		TOTAL	
Revenues Student/Trust revenues	\$	1,136	\$	53,165	\$	80,988	\$	83,937	\$	234,707	\$	453,933	
Expenses Student/Trust activities	_	10,790	-	53,918	_	84,840	i	85,641		230,631		465,819	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenses		(9,654)		(753)		(3,852)		(1,705)		4,077		(11,886)	
Fund Balance Beginning	_	27,282		31,890	_	32,265		66,450		127,645		285,532	
Fund Balance Ending	\$ _	17,628	\$	31,138	\$ _	28,413	\$	64,745	\$	131,722	\$	273,646	

Estill County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in the Fund Balance - Estill County High School Year ended June 30, 2024

Sement 1,500 \$ 15,000 \$ 15,000 \$ 2,711 MSCELLORISCOLIN. 119		_	FUND BALANCE BEGINNING	REVENUES	EXPENSES	TRANSFERS	FUND BALANCE ENDING
MISCELLOUISSOCIAL 115	GENERAL FUND	\$	15,000 \$	6,603 \$	11,441	\$ (300) \$	9,862
ADMINISTRATIVE FUNDS 1,074 601 1,307 (250) 116 150 116 170 1							
FRESHMAN FUNDS 147 FRESHMAN FUNDS 148 FRESHMAN FUNDS 148 FRESHMAN FUNDS 158 FRESHMAN FUNDS 158 FRESHMAN FRESHMAN FUNDS 158 FRESHMAN FRESHMAN FUNDS 158 FRESHMAN FRESHMAN FUNDS FRES						(250)	
ENDIRER GUARANTY B 7 7 14-88 4.599 77 10-10-11 1			147				- 147
TRACHERS LOUNGE BREAK BREAK STONE SALES S							
BREAK							
STORE SALES ATHLETIC 5 4,806 1 40,206 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			20	04	70		
ATHLETIC							-
ACADEMIC 0			54,806	140,206	123,067	358	72,303
ART 203							
INDUSTRIAL ARTS SPANISH CLUB							
MUSICOCHORUS 900 SPANISH CLUB 9			14,248	3,369	12,703		4,914
SPAINSH CLUB			900				900
AM-READING ERTA CLUB 3.176 1.320 1.385 3.112 CAREER RASSOCIATIONS COMPLET ROMMES 10 CAREER RASSOCIATIONS 10 COMPLET ROMMES	SPANISH CLUB		565				565
BETA CLUB			8				
COMPUTER CAMES 10	BETA CLUB		3,176	1,320	1,385		
CRAPTS CLUB			10				
DESIGNER TICKETS 336 3.36 3.36 1.560 1.008 3.381 FCA	CRAFTS CLUB						
FBLA 3,029			336				
FCCLA 3.118 14,006 15,077 1,218 FFA 866 6,918 4,369 3,405 3,	FBLA		3,029	1,560	1,008		3,581
FFA				14.606	16 507		
GTOIREO CROSS							
KEY CLUB 905 LTERRARY ARTISTHEATER 3.521 3.057 5.822 756 PEP CLUB 455 SADD 139 SPEECH B DRAMA CLUB 678 STUDENT COUNCIL 1.293 2.374 3.129 5.38 CLASS OF 2019							
PEP CLUB							
SADD 139 SPEECH & DRAMA CLUB 678 678 578				3,057	5,822		
STUDENT COUNCIL 1,293 2,374 3,129 5,38 CLASS OF 2019							
CLASS OF 2020 CLASS OF 2020 CLASS OF 2021 CLASS OF 2022 CLASS OF 2022 CLASS OF 2023 802 CLASS OF 2024 384 488 CLASS OF 2025 3198 7.001 6.705 3.495 CLASS OF 2026 477 3.290 3.367 CLASS OF 2027 361 LIBRARY COPIES/FEES 38 YEARBOOK 4,087 2,405 2,548 3,944 CHESS CLUB 237 VICA CLUB CHES CLUB 237 VICA CLUB CELLEY FUND TOM BOIAN FUND TOM BOIAN FUND GUIDANCE OFFICE 1,134 170 964 SENIOR TRIP 3,394 14,279 16,207 1,466 ECHS YOUNG DEMOCRATS 81 CCHS YOUNG DEMOCRATS 81 CCHS YOUNG DEMOCRATS 81 CCHS YOUNG DEMOCRATS 81 CSIENCE CHYMPIAD SCIENCE CHYMPIAD SCIENCE CHYMPIAD TATU 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1							
CLASS OF 2020 CLASS OF 2021 CLASS OF 2022 CLASS OF 2022 CLASS OF 2025 388 CLASS OF 2025 3198 7.001 6,705 3493 CLASS OF 2026 31,198 7.001 6,705 3,493 CLASS OF 2026 3,198 7.001 3,676 CLASS OF 2027 361 388 CLASS OF 2026 3,1676 CLASS OF 2027 361 388 CLASS OF 2027 361 388 CLASS OF 2026 3,1676 CLASS OF 2027 361 388 CLASS OF 2027 361 388 CLASS OF 2026 3,1676 CLASS OF 2027 361 361 368 CLASS OF 2027 361 368 CLASS OF 2027 369 CLASS OF 2027 361 361 361 361 362 CLASS OF 2027 361 361 361 362 CLASS OF 2026 361 361 362 CLASS OF 2027 361 361 362 CLASS OF 2026 361 361 362 CLASS OF 2026 361 362 CLASS OF 2026 361 361 362 363 364 364 364 364 364 364			1,293	2,374	3,129		
CLASS OF 2022 CLASS OF 2023 802 CLASS OF 2024 384 CLASS OF 2025 3,188 7,001 6,705 3,493 CLASS OF 2026 477 3,290 361 CLASS OF 2026 477 3,290 361 LIBRARY COPIES/FEES 38 4,087 2,405 2,548 3,944 CHESS CLUB 237 VICA CLUB 339 KELLEY FUND 105 GUIDANCE OFFICE 1,134 170 964 SENIOR TRIP 3,394 14,279 16,207 1,466 ECHS YOUNG DEMOCRATS 78 CCHS YOUNG DEMOCRATS 78 CCHS YOUNG DEMOCRATS 78 CCHS YOUNG DEMOCRATS 78 CCHS YOUNG DEMOCRATS 78 CHS YOUNG REPUBLICANS 81 1,713 TATU 1,713 TATU 1,715 TATU 1,715 TATU 1,716 TATU 1,717 TATU 1,717 TATU 1,717 TATU 1,718 TATU 1,719	CLASS OF 2020						-
CLASS OF 2023 802 354 448 CLASS OF 2024 384 7.001 6.705 3.493 CLASS OF 2025 3.198 7.001 6.705 3.493 CLASS OF 2026 477 3.290 3.61 CLASS OF 2027 361 361 CLASS OF 2027 3.88 CLASS OF 2027 3.88 CLASS OF 2027 3.88 CLASS OF 2027 3.68 CLASS OF 2027 3.49 3.69 CLASS OF 2027 3.49 CLASS OF 2027 3.49 CLASS OF 2027 3.49 CLASS OF 2027 3.68 CLASS OF 2027 3.49 CLASS OF 2027 3.68 CLASS OF 2027 3.68 CLASS OF 2027 3.49 CLAS OF 2027 3.68 CLASS OF 2027 3.68 CLASS OF 2027 3.68 CLAS OF 2027 3.68 CLASS OF 2027 3.68 CLASS OF 2027 3.68 CLASS OF 2027 3.68 CLASS OF 2027 3.68 CLAS OF 2027 3							-
CLASS OF 2025 3,198 7,001 6,705 3,493 CLASS OF 2026 477 3,290 361 3,767 CLASS OF 2027 361 361 361 LIBRARY COPIES/FEES 38 2,405 2,548 3,944 CHESS CLUB 237 1,000 9,64 2,77 VICA CLUB 237 1,000 9,64 2,77 VICA CLUB 1,134 1,000 9,64 9,64 SENIOR TRIP 3,394 14,279 16,207 1,466 9,64 SCHING COMMORATS 78 1,200 1,466 9,64 1,11 1,10 1,11 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10	CLASS OF 2023						
CLASS OF 2026 477 3,290 3,767 CLASS OF 2027 361 361 361 LIBRARY COPIES/FEES 38 38 38 YEARBOOK 4,087 2,405 2,548 3,944 CHESS CLUB 2237 2,000 2,237 2,237 VICA CLUB 2237 1,000 - - VELILEY FUND - - - - YOLD ACLUB 1,134 170 964 -				7 001			
LIBRARY COPIES/FEES 38 38 74 38 38 78 38 78 38 78 38 78 38 78 38 3					0,700		
VERROCK			38	361			
VICA CLUB CREATER CR				2,405	2,548		
RELIEY FUND			237				
GUIDANCE OFFICE 1.134 1.70 964 SENIOR TRIP 3.394 14.279 16.207 1.466 ECHS YOUNG DEMOCRATS 78 ECHS YOUNG REPUBLICANS 81 LOST BOOKS							-
SENIOR TRIP			1 124		170		
ECHS YOUNG REPUBLICANS 81 LOST BOOKS SCIENCE OLYMPIAD SPANISH COMMUNITY 1,751 38 1,713 TATU 1,751 38 1,713 TATU 1 1 GREEN TEAM 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3				14,279			
LOST BOOKS SCIENCE OLYMPIAD SCIENCE OLYMPIAD SPANISH COMMUNITY 1,751 38 1,713 TATU 1 GREEN TEAM 3 3 STLP ROTC 2,337 2,439 419 4,356 CERAMICS CLUB 64 FSFB FILM CLUB FSFB FILM CLUB HOSA 72 FRIC LUB HOSA 72 FRIC LUB HOSA 72 FRIC LUB HOSA 72 FCHANICS CLUB 10 TEEN AUTHOR CLUB 10 TEEN AUTHOR CLUB 11 TEEN AUTHOR CLUB 10 TEEN AUTHOR CLUB 11 TO THE CHANGE 11 TO							
SPANISH COMMUNITY			81				
TATU 1 GREEN TEAM 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3							-
STLP ROTC 2,337 2,439 419 4,356 CERAMICS CLUB 64 FSFB FILM CLUB HOSA 72 ARCHERY 10 10 72 ARCHERY 110 110 TEEN AUTHOR CLUB 315 POSTER MAKER 71 71 ECHSJAG 1,224 ECHS CHEER BOOSTERS P7 CLUB DUNGEONS & DRAGONS 0 10 YCLUB 16,178 16,247 300 231 HOBY E-SPORTS 108 (108) CHROME BOOK SALES 842 868 842 868 MSDCAREER 216					38		
ROTC CERAMICS CLUB 64 FSFB FSFB FILM CLUB HOSA 72 RACHERY 10 TEEN AUTHOR CLUB TEEN AUTHOR CLUB TO TUB TEEN S DRAGONS TO TUB TO T			3				
CERAMICS CLUB 64 FSFB			2.337	2.439	419		
FILM CLUB HOSA 72 HOSA 72 ARCHERY 10 10 TEEN AUTHOR CLUB 315 POSTER MAKER 71 ECHSJAG 1,224 ECHS CHEER BOOSTERS PT CLUB DUNGEONS & DRAGONS 0 YCLUB 16,178 16,247 300 231 HOBY E-SPORTS 108 CHROME BOOK SALES 842 868 842 868 MSDCAREER 216	CERAMICS CLUB			,			64
HOSA 72 ARCHERY 10 10 10 TEEN AUTHOR CLUB 315 POSTER MAKER 71 71 ECHSJAG 1,224 ECHS CHEER BOOSTERS P7 CLUB DUNGEONS & DRAGONS 0 0 0 YCLUB 16,178 16,247 300 231 HOBY E-SPORTS 108 (108) CHROME BOOK SALES 842 868 842 868 MSDCAREER 216							-
TEEN AUTHOR CLUB 315 POSTER MAKER 71 71 ECHSJAG 1,224 ECHS CHEER BOOSTERS PT CLUB DUNGEONS & DRAGONS 0 0 0 YCLUB 16,178 16,247 300 231 HOBY E-SPORTS 108 (108) CHROME BOOK SALES 842 868 842 868 MSDCAREER 216	HOSA						72
POSTER MAKER 71 ECHSJAG 1,224 ECHSCHEER BOOSTERS P7 CLUB DUNGEONS & DRAGONS 0 0 0 YCLUB 16,178 16,247 300 231 HOBY E-SPORTS 108 (108) CHROME BOOK SALES 842 868 842 868 MSDCAREER 216 216							
ECHS CHEER BOOSTERS P7 CLUB DUNGEONS & DRAGONS 0 YCLUB 16,178 16,247 300 231 HOBY E-SPORTS 108 CHROME BOOK SALES 842 868 MSDCAREER 216 (108)	POSTER MAKER		71				71
P7 CLUB DUNGEONS & DRAGONS 0 16,178 16,247 300 231 HOBY E-SPORTS 108 CHROME BOOK SALES 842 868 MSDCAREER 216 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			1,224				1,224
YCLUB 16,178 16,247 300 231 HOBY (108) E-SPORTS 108 (108) CHROME BOOK SALES 842 868 842 868 MSDCAREER 216 216							
HOBY 108 (108) CHROME BOOK SALES 842 868 842 868 MSDCAREER 216 216 216			0	16 170	16 047	200	
E-SPORTS 108 (108) CHROME BOOK SALES 842 868 842 868 MSDCAREER 216 216				10,178	10,247	300	231
MSDCAREER 216 216 216				000	040	(108)	000
				868	842		
TOTALS \$ 127,645 \$ 234,707 \$ 230,631 \$ - \$ 131,722							
	TOTALS	\$	127,645 \$	234,707 \$	230,631	\$\$	131,722

Estill County School District SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Program or Award Amount	Expenditures
110gram Title	Number	Number	Oubrecipients	Amount	Experiorures
US Department of Agriculture					
Passed Through State Department of Education					
* National School Lunch Program	10.555				
* Fiscal Year 23			\$ 264,386 \$	N/A	264,386
Fiscal Year 24		7750002 24	893,051	N/A	893,051
Fiscal Year 23		9980000 23	74,982	N/A	74,982
* Summer Food Service Program	10.559				
Fiscal Year 23		7690024 23	11,516	N/A	11,516
Fiscal Year 24		7690024 24	1,195	N/A	1,195
Fiscal Year 24		7740023 23	111,965	N/A	111,965
* National Cahaal Breakfast Bream	10.553	7740023 24	11,646	N/A	11,646
* National School Breakfast Program Fiscal Year 23	10.555	7760005 23	104.114	N/A	104,114
Fiscal Year 24		7760005 23	343,865	N/A N/A	343,865
Child Nutrition Cluster Subtotal		7700003 24	343,603	IN/A	1,816,720
Child Nutrition Cluster Subtotal					1,010,720
State Administrative Grant for Nutrition	10.560				
Fiscal Year 24	10.000	7700001 24	6,054	N/A	6,054
Tiodal Total ET		770000121	0,00.		0,001
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture					
Food Donation-Commodities	10.565				
Fiscal Year 24		510.4950	91,442	N/A	91,442
Total US Department of Agriculture			- ,		1,914,215
US Department of Education					
Passed Through State Department of Education					
5					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002 23	12,538	1,235,116	420,634
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002 24	1,146,638	1,214,368	1,146,638
•					1,567,272
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	3810002 23	216,179	622,716	216,179
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	3810002 24	454,545	648,373	454,545
Special Education Grants to States	84.425W	476IC	1,070	37,509	1,070
Special Education Grants to States COVID	84.027X	4910002 22	8,608	128,155	8,608
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002 22	34,058	52,257	34,058
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002 23	17,118	53,506	17,118
Special Education Cluster Subtotal					731,578
Managhar Education - Banks Occupate to Otation	04.040	0740000 04	17.000	05.545	47.000
Vocation Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002 24	17,900	25,515	17,900
Dural Education	84.358	2140002 21	1,828	42.270	1,828
Rural Education Rural Education	84.358	3140002 21 3140002 22	46,309	42,279 50,326	46,309
Rural Education	84.358	3140002 22	48,651	60,730	48,651
Kurai Education	04.330	3140002 23	40,031	00,730	96,788
					30,700
Title IV Part A	84.424	3420002 18	3,869	24,569	3,869
Title IV Part A	84.424	3420002 22	19,161	61,635	19,161
	02.	0.20002 22	.0,.0.	01,000	23,031
* Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - COVID	84.425U	4300005 20	614,009	8,099,225	614,009
* Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - COVID	84.425D	4200002 21	119,404	3,756,403	119,404
* American Rescue Plan Emergency & Secondary Funds	84.425U	4300003 21	23,730	50,705	23,730
					757,142
Jobs For Kentucky Graduates	17.250	382K	76,222		76,222
B 17 1 B 0 H					
Passed Through Berea College				a	
Gear Up	84.334A	379J	19,063	260,400	19,063
Gear Up	84.334A	379K	181,814	249,116	181,814
					200,877
Total US Department of Education					2 470 040
Total US Department of Education					3,470,810
Total Expenditure of Federal Awards				9	5,385,025
Total Experiulture of Federal Awards				•	0,000,020

^{*} Major program

ESTILL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Estill County School District under the programs of the federal government for the year endedJune 30, 2022. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Estill County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represents adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE C – FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District received food commodities totaling \$91,422.

NOTE D - INDIRECT COST RATE

The Estill County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Shad J. Allen, CPA, PLLC

PO Box 974 Richmond, Kentucky 40476 Phone 859-806-5290 Fax 859-349-0061

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the Estill County School District Irvine, KY

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Estill County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Estill County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2024

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Estill County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Estill County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Estill County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Estill County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations,

contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Shad J. Allen, CFA, FLLC

Richmond, KY November 15, 2024

Shad J. Allen, CPA, PLLC

PO Box 974 Richmond, Kentucky 40476 Phone 859-806-5290 Fax 859-349-0061

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of the Estill County School District Irvine, KY

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Estill County School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Estill County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Estill County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Estill County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Estill County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Estill County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Estill County School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Estill County

School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will not always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Estill County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Estill County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Estill County School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Estill County School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control

over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Shad J. Allen, CTA, FLLC

Richmond, KY November 15, 2024

ESTILL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year ended June 30, 2024

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

What type of report was issued for the financial statements?

Unmodified

Were there significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed?

None Reported

If so, was any significant deficiencies material (GAGAS)?

Was any material noncompliance reported (GAGAS)?

Were there material weaknesses in internal control disclosed

for major programs?

Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed

that were not considered to be material weaknesses?

None Reported

What type of report was issued on compliance for major programs?

Unmodified

Did the audit disclose findings as it relates to major programs that

Is required to be reported as described in the Uniform Guidance?

Major Programs:

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund – COVID 19 [ALN 84.425]

Dollar threshold of Type A and B programs \$750,000

Low risk auditee?

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No findings at the financial statement level.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

No findings at the major federal award programs level.

ESTILL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT **SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS** Year ended June 30, 2024

FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No prior year findings.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

No findings at the major federal award programs level.